The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,572.

PRICE 3d.] EDINBURGH, THURSDAY, JUNE 11. 1789.

GRASS-MARKET & PRINCE's STREET.

JOHN CAMERON
Of the White Hart Inn, Grass-market,

BEGS leave to return his most grateful acknowledgments to the PUBLIC for past favours and to inform them, That he continues to carry on the business of the above Inn, in all its branches, as formerly;

AND,

In order that the Public may be more conveniently accommodated with easy access to his Flys and Stage-Coaches, he has taken that Lodging.

No 2. PRINCE's STREET,

Which is centrically situated for the inhabitants both of the Old and New Town, and is surrounded by the principal hotels and lodging-houses, where the greatest accommodation for the Public may be had.

☞ Tickets for Seats in the following FLYS or STAGE-COACHES are given out at No. 2. Prince's Street, viz.

FOR GLASGOW, a COACH every lawful day, at eight o'clock in the morning; and likewise a DILIGENCE at twelve o'clock noon; and from Mr Durie's, Black Bull, Glasgow.

FOR DUMFRIES, a DILIGENCE every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at six o'clock in the morning.

AND,

The STIRLING FLY, as usual.

NEAT POST CHAISES at each of the above places to be had on the shortest notice. ——And, as he is resolved to keep both his horses and carriages in the best order, his employers may rely on being always well served.

J. CAMERON has fitted up Good Stables in the New Town, where Gentlemens horses entrusted to him will be taken the greatest care of.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL,

TOBACCONIST & SNUFFMAKER

TO HIS

ROYAL HIGHNESS

THE PRINCE OF WALES,

(Late in the Luckenbooths)

TAKES this method of informing his Friends and the Public, That he has opened shop at the back of the Cross Well, with an elegant and large Assortment of Snuffs and Tobaccos.

SOCIETY FOR RELIEF OF THE INDUSTRIOUS POOR.
(The EARL of LEVEN, Preses.)
Society Hall, 1st June 1789.

AS the advanced Period of the Season has for some time superseded the necessity of any further distributions, the Society take this opportunity of expressing their thanks to the Public for the very liberal supply they have received; and have now to lay before them the following state of what has been done by them during the winter.

NUMBERS RELIEVED.

	No. of Families	No. of Persons, averaged at
1788—Dec. 25.	85	375
1789—Jan. 2.	122	518
— 13.	166	693
— — 14.	65	271
20.	307	1279
— — 27.	727	2839
Feb. 3.	648	2526
— — 10.	677	2642
16.	280	1120
— — 23.	267	1070
Mar. 3.	195	800
— — 4.	64	252
10.	270	1084
— — 19.	297	1240
25.	180	756
Apr. 1.	150	622
— 2. and 3.	69	—

The above are the numbers to whom relief was extended by means of this Society at the several periods above mentioned, taken from the books, and calculated as nearly as circumstances would allow. The relief given has consisted chiefly in Meal and Coals, and in a few instances Money was distributed.

The books of the Society, which are open for the inspection of subscribers and the public, may be seen at any time at the Society Hall, Warriston's Close.

NEW INN,
PITTILLOCK-FORD, COUNTY OF FIFE.

ALEXANDER DAVENIE begs leave to offer his grateful thanks to to the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the county of Fife, and to all Travellers and others, for the favours bestowed upon him since he came to the New Inn; and he hopes, by his attention and assiduity, to merit their further countenance and support.

At the particular request of many respectable Gentlemen of Fife and the neighbouring counties, he has just now entered Two Post Chaises; and he will consider it as a great obligation in those who, in this present attempt, will honour him with their business on the roads to Perth, or the ferries of Kinghorn and Dundee, or otherwise in the county, as it was the earnest wish of those Gentlemen who desired chaises to be established at the New Inn, that they might go post through Fife, instead of the present tedious way of taking one pair of horses the whole road, and requiring a complete day to perform it.

N. B. The above Inn is exactly twelve miles from Kinghorn. —— JUNE 1. 1789.

FOR LONDON,
THE DILIGENCE,
James Butler Master,

Now lying on the birth in Leith Harbour, taking in goods, and will sail the 13th inst.

This ship has excellent accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to the Master at the ship, or to Andrew Cassels at the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, or at his house in Leith

---

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH *Direct*,
THE LEITH PACKET,
JOHN THOMSON Master,

Is taking in goods at Hawley's Wharf, for Edinburgh and places adjacent, and sails Thursday the 25th inst. wind and weather serving.

Has good accomodation for passagers.

The Master to be spoke with at the Edinburgh Coffeehouse, at 'Change hours, mornings and evenings on board, at Hawley and Down for the Master.

PROVISIONS.

TO be SOLD by auction, within the Warehouse of ALLAN, STEUART, and CO. Leith, on Thursday the 18th current, at one o'clock afternoon,

A Parcel of IRISH BEEF and PORK,
in tierces and barrels.

LEITH, *June 8.* 1789.

LISBON LEMONS.

JUST arrived from Lisbon, in the *Rebecca*, Joseph Skelton Master,

A PARCEL OF LEMONS IN CHESTS.

Apply to Walker, Thomson, and Co. Edinburgh, or to David Liddel, at their Warehouses in Leith.

A SHIP'S MATERIALS,
For behoof of the Underwriters.

ON Friday the 19th current, at twelve o'clock noon, there will be exposed to SALE in the Timber Bush, Leith,

The whole Sails, Yards, Top-masts, and other Rigging, with the Cables, Anchors, &c. which lately belonged to the brigantine Resolution of Aberdeen, a vessel of 74 tons measurement, and about 2½ years old, all in good condition.

The articles will be exposed in lots, suited to the conveniency of purchasers, and a reasonable credit will be given, upon approved security.

Mess. John Kay and Company, Timber Bush, Leith, will show the goods at any time before the day of sale; the conditions of which may be known, by applying to Mess. Leslie and Scott, insurance brokers, Edinburgh,

---

WANTED,

AN Experienced OVERSEER, to superintend a considerable Colliery in Scotland. He must be perfectly master of his business, both above and below ground, and be well recommended from his last place, and his character must bear the strictest enquiry for skill, sobriety, and honesty.

For further particulars, enquire at Mr John Anderson, writer to the signet.

MONEY TO BORROW.

Wanted to Borrow,

THREE THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING, for which an Heritable Security will be given over four tenements of houses, renting at 80 l. Sterling each.—Or, Eight Hundred Pounds will be taken upon each Tenement.

The houses are lately built, and will be insured in the Sun Fire Office, and undoubted personal security will be given, that the interest will be regularly paid at 5 per cent.

Apply to Mr Trotter, writer to the signet.

Vacancy in the School of Dumbarton.

THE Office of RECTOR of the Public School of Dumbarton having become vacant, the Magistrates and Town Council of the Burgh resolve to have the same supplied by Martinmas next. The qualifications required in a Rector are, a good moral character, a capacity to teach English, Latin, and Greek, and if he hath the French Language so much the better; a good hand of writ, knowledge of Arithmetic, Book-keeping, and the ordinary branches of Mathematics; and to be able to teach Navigation too would be very useful. The Rector is to have an assistant under him; and 'tis usual for the one or the other to precent in church. The Rector will, in all probability, be chosen Session Clerk. In name of salaries, the Rector and Session-Clerk has twenty-nine pounds sterling a-year, with two thirds of the school wages, and the whole emoluments of Session-Clerk, which are very considerable and still upon the encrease. There is newly built a spacious well-aired School house, which, with the pleasant situation of the town, must give a chance for many Boarders. Besides the advantage of Boarders and private teaching, the Rector's place, at a moderate computation, may be stated at sixty pounds sterling a-year, exclusive of all the encouragement that may be given to the Usher.—Candidates qualified as above required, will be pleased to apply, without loss of time, to the Magistrates or Minister —And it is requested that no person will apply, who does not resolve to settle in that line of life.

N. B. Solicitations to individuals of the Community will be deemed improper. *Dumbarton, May 29. 1789.*

GROUND FOR BUILDING ON.

To be FEUED by public roup, in the Leith Assembly Coffeehouse, on Monday the 15th current, at 6 o'clock afternoon,

BEtwixt Four and Five Acres of GROUND, English measure, lying at the north-west side, and foot of Leith Walk, contiguous to the Town of Leith.

For particulars, enquire at Walter Gibson the proprietor, or Andrew Cassels, to be found at their Lodgings in Leith.

No purchase money to be demanded for the above ground, only an yearly feu to be paid.

EXCISE-OFFICE, EDINBURGH, June 3. 1789.
By order of the Hon. the
COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE,

THERE will be exposed to Sale by public auction, in the Hall of the Excise Office, Edinburgh, on FRIDAY the 12th of June instant, at twelve o'clock noon,

Several Parcels of

Foreign Brandy,	British Spirits,	Utensils for making candles,
Geneva,	Printed Linens	Pasteboard,
Rum,	Starch,	Stills, & Worms,
Tea,	Candles, and	

Lately condemned before his Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

The conditions of sale, and part of the goods to be seen at the Excise Warehouse in Edinburgh, and the remainder at the Excise Warehouse in Leith, on the day before, and the morning of the day of sale.

ANDREW DAVIDSON,
MIDDLETON INN,

RETurns Thanks to the Public for the encouragement he has hitherto received, and begs leave to inform them, that, for their better entertainment, he has taken the Inn at BANKHOUSE, where he has placed a person in whom he can confide—at which place, as well as at MIDDLETON, he will make it his endeavour to give satisfaction, by providing himself with every necessary for their accommodation, and humbly hopes for a continuance of their favours.

Neat Post Chaises, with able horses and careful drivers, on the shortest notice.

TRYST

For the sale of Black Cattle, in the Island of Lewis.

THE Tryst for the sale of Lewis Cattle holds this year, as usual, on the 2d Wednesday of July ensuing, being the 8th of that month.—The Lewis Packet will be at Pollew on Saturday the 4th of said month, to carry over such dealers and others as mean to attend the tryst.

Any desirous of further information may apply to Mr Gillanders of Highfield, by Beaulie, or to the factor of Lewis, at Stornaway.

NEW TOWNS
Of the British Society.

THE Public are hereby acquainted, That the British Society have acquired considerable tracts of land at and in the neighbourhood of Tobermory in the Isle of Mull, and at and in the neighbourhood of Ullapool, in Loch Broom, in the county of Ross—That the Society have directed ground to be laidout for the building of a town at each of the said places, and have also advertised for contracts for the building of quys, or breastworks for the conveniency of shipping.—That each of the two settlements will also be provided with the accommodation of a customhouse for clearing of vessels outwads and inwards, whether employed in the Fishery, or in any other trade—That ground for houses and gardens will be let, on moderate terms, in perpetuity—That the land adjoining to the towns may be rented for a term of years by the settlers—That there will also be commons of considerable extent, for the summer grazing of cows; and that both settlements contain a plentiful supply of peat for fuel—That there are no restrictions with regard to the kind of houses to be built on most of the Society's lots, nor are any dues for admittance expected—That every person applying is entitled to his choice of lots unoccupied at the time; and that every lawful trade and occupation may be freely carried on there.

That Loch Broom, in which Ullapool is situated, is considered as one of the best situations in the Highlands for the herring fishery—That the harbour of Tobermory is already much frequented by vessels going to or returning from the northward; and that agents for the Society reside at each place, for the purpose of attending to the accommodation of all persons inclining to settle there.

N. B. The Society have accepted of an offer of the farm of Stein on Loch Bay, in the Isle of Sky, and also of several acres situated on the harbour, in the Island of Canna.—Both these are very convenient stations for fisheries and commerce. And measures are taking for establishing, without loss of time, a new settlement at each of the last-mentioned places, in which, when further progress is made, more particulars will be given.

EDINBURGH & KELSO COACHES.

THE Proprietors of the Edinburgh and Kelso Stage Coaches desire to inform the Public, That they have begun to run their coaches three times every week during summer.

They set off from George Horsington's, Cross Keys, Kelso, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday—and from John Dumbreck's, White Horse, Canongate-head, Edinburgh, on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at eight o'clock in the morning. June 6.

CONTRACTORS WANTED FOR ROADS.

THE Trustees appointed by an act passed in the present Session of Parliament, for making the road from the City of Glasgow by Rutherglen, Kilbride, Strathaven, and Muirkirk, to the confines of Ayrshire, towards Sanquhar; and from the town of Hamilton, by Kirkland Bridge and Eaglesham to Kingswell, having divided the roads into five districts; hereby intimate, that proposals from Undertakers for making the Roads and necessary Bridges within the different districts will be received by the persons after-named, who will give such information respecting the particular line of road as Undertakers may desire viz.

John Grieve at Muirkirk, for that part of the road from the March betwixt the counties of Dumfries and Ayr, by Muirkirk, to the March with the county of Lanark.

John Brown of Newton, Esq; near Strathaven, from the March with the county of Ayr at Regal Sykes, by Strathaven to Kilbride.

Thomas Edinton, Esq; at Clyde Iron Works, from Kilbride to Rutheeglen.

John Muir of Greenhall, for the road from Hamilton by Blantyre, &c. to Kirkland Bridge.—And

Patrick Graham of Limekilns, for the road from Kirkland Bridge by Eaglesham to Kingswell.

And it is requested that persons intending to become Undertakers, will lodge their offers and estimates for these different districts of Roads and Bridges with any of these Gentlemen, or John Boyes junior, writer in Hamilton, on or before the 18th of June current, and the same will be taken under consideration, and a final answer given by a general meeting of the Trustees, to be held at Hamilton on Friday the 19th of June, at which the whole Trustees are desired to attend. JOHN BOYES Jun. Clerk.

LOMONDS OF FALKLAND.

A Meeting of the Heritors who have rights of servitude over the Lomonds, is appointed to take place at the house of Bailie Beveridge in Falkland, upon Tuesday the 16th day of June current, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of concerting the steps to be taken by them, in consequence of some late proceedings, tending materially to encroach upon their right of working limestone upon the Commonty.

It is requested that all the heritors concerned may attend for their interest.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF STIRLING
TO BE SOLD.

To be SOLD by private bargain, and entered to at Marmas next,

A LANDED ESTATE in the County of Stirling, of the yearly rent of 461 l. Sterling, with a valuable Coal, and a considerable tract of improveable Moss.

There is a freehold qualification to vote for a member of Parliament belonging to the estate.

This property is situated within a mile and a half of Carron Iron Works, and three miles from the market town of Falkirk.

Farther particulars may be learnt from John Dundas clerk to the signet, and the property may be viewed by applying to the proprietor, at Caronhall.

A FEU,
In the New Town of Edinburgh—to Sell.
TO BE SOLD
By Private Bargain,

SIXTY FEET in front of the Area marked on the feuing plan O. O. lying immediately to the east of the house already built upon Queen Street.

For particulars, apply to Mr Innes, No. 50. Prince's Street.

Not to be repeated.

LANDS IN FIFE.
TO BE LET,

For nineteen years —— The entry at Martinmas 1789.

THE Farm of BELFIELD, consisting of about 150 acres, all arable, as now staked off, lying in the parish of Merkinch, and county of Fife. The farm-houses are all in good order, very complete, and conveniently situated. The lands are partly inclosed, and coal and lime are in the neighbourhood.—The farm will be shown by George Beveridge, the present tenant.

Persons intending to offer are desired to send their proposals, sealed up, to the Earl of Leven, the proprietor, at Melvill House, betwixt and the 15th day of July next,—The offers to be kept secret.

Dr JOHNSON's MONUMENT.

SUBSCRIPTIONS for erecting a Monument to the late Dr JOHNSON, in Westminster Abbey, under the direction of *Sir Joshua Reynolds*, are received by the following Bankers:—Thomas Coutts, Esq; and Co. Strand; Mess. Boldero, Adye, and Co. Cornhill, London; Mess. Latouche Dublin; and Sir William Forbes, James Hunter and Co. Edinburgh.

JURIDICAL SOCIETY.

THE first Meeting of the Juridical Society of Edinburgh, for the summer session, is to be held in the usual place on Monday next the 15th curt. at eight o'clock in the evening.

UPHOLSTERY AND CABINET WARE ROOM.

BAILLIE and MACKINNON return their most sincere thanks to those friends who have honoured them with their employment since their entering into business, and respectfully inform them and the Public, That they have now opened their Warerooom, first flair below the North Bridge, High Street, Edinburgh, with a Fashionable Assortment of Cabinet and Upholstery Goods, which their extensive experience has enabled them to purchase from the very best markets, which they have determined to sell on such terms as, they flatter themselves, will insure them the patronage of the Public ——They particularly recommend their Blankets, and every article of their Bedding, as worthy of attention.

☞ A great variety of PAPER HANGINGS.

SALE OF TEAS,
Parliament Square, Edinburgh.

W. HUTTON begs leave to acquaint his Friends and the Public, That he has just now on hand,

Fine HYSON TEA, } GREEN.
Superfine GUNPOWDER, }
CONGOW and BOHEA, various prices,

Warranted genuine as imported by the East India Company, which he is selling (for ready money only) on the most reasonable terms.

Best MOCKA COFFEE and CHOCOLATE.

Commissions from the country carefully attended to.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of MACFARLANE, ANDERSON, and COMPANY, merchants in Glasgow.

NOTWITHSTANDING prior advertisements, there being reason to suppose that some persons who are just Creditors of the said Macfarlane, Anderson, and Company, have hitherto neglected to make any claim for their debts, James Campbell tanner in Glasgow, the trustee, hereby gives notice to the Creditors, that a dividend of the funds of the debtors, so far as made effectual, will be made on the 8th day of July next, among such of the Creditors as shall have proved their debts before the 25th day of June current —— All the Creditors are therefore required, before the said 25th day of June, to lodge the vouchers of their claims with affidavits to the verity thereof, in the hands of the said James Campbell; otherwise they will be cut off from any share of the first dividend. Not to be repeated.

To be Set in Tack for a term of Years.

THE LIME QUARRY of DULLATUR, lying on the south side, and within a small distance of the Canal betwixt Forth and Clyde, about two miles to the east of Kilsyth.—The posts of limestone are of great thickness, and easily wrought, consisting of crags facing the north that may be wrought water free, and with at any subterraneous operations, and near the face of the crags, two draw kilns were erected at a considerable expence, the benefit of which will be given to the tacksman.

The lime is of a strong and excellent quality, and has been much approved of, as peculiarly fitted for buildings, as well as the improvement of land, and the sales may be extensive; as besides the sales by land carriage, particularly to several neighbouring parishes where there is no lime, the stones, or the burnt lime, may be easily put on board of vessels in the Canal for water carriage.

The tacksman may be accommodated with houses, and such extent of land as he may need.

Any who incline to take the premisses, may give in their proposals to John Steuart, Esq; at Dullatur, or to Thomas and Robert Grahame, writers in Glasgow.

SALE OF STONNYWOOD, *by Public Roup.*
ADJOURNED
At the desire of persons intending to purchase.

THIS Forenoon Wednesday the 10th current (as advertised) betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, there will be exposed to sale by public roup, within the house of Peter Wilkie vintner in Aberdeen,

The Lands and Barony of STONNYWOOD and Salmon Fishings on the river Don belonging thereto, lying within the parish of Newhills, and county of Aberdeen.

These lands yield at present above 460 l. Sterling of free rent after payment of cess, teind-duty, and all other public burdens, and afford more than a freehold qualification in the county

The teinds are valued and exhausted, which must be of great advantage to the purchaser.

The mansion-house, which is large and commodious, and the greatest part of the estate, are pleasantly situated upon the banks of the river Don, and only about four English miles from Aberdeen, whereby the lands may be easily improved at a moderate expence, and have a ready market for every kind of produce

The well-known village of GREENBURN is part of the estate, upon which two great annual fairs, as well as several other trysts for the sale of cattle, are held: and the proprietor has a right to the multures of the estate, upon which there is also a mill.

The lands are of excellent soil, and highly improvable, and are at present very low rented; but on the expiry of the present leases, which are in general short, great rises of rent will be obtained, particularly on a capital paper-mill; and there are plenty of water-falls for machinery on the river.

The articles of roup, rentals, and title-deeds of the estate, will be shown by John Ramsay, Esq; of Barra, or Alexander Carnegie, advocate in Aberdeen; and copies of the rental are to be seen in the hands of Mr Isaac Grant clerk to the signet, Edinburgh.

The above valuable estate will be first exposed altogether; but, if not sold in that way, it will be at same time divided, and exposed to sale in two seperate lots; the one composed of what is called the Wester Barony, and the other of the Easter or Lower Barony, as they will be more particularly described in the articles of roup.

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE,
JUNE 8.

Per Quarter.	s.	s.	d.		s.	s.	d.
Wheat,	48	to 53	6	Beans,	20	to 22	6
Barley,	20	to 22	0	Tick,	19	to 21	0
Rye,	25	to 28	0	Tares,	22	to 26	0
Oats,	15	to 18	6				
Pale Malt,	30	to 32	6	Flour per Sack.			
Amber ditto,	31	to 33	6				
Pease,	24	to 28	0	Fine Flour,	39	to 40	0
Hog ditto,	20	to 22	0	Second,	36	to 37	0
				Third,	22	to 26	0

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, *June 6.*

St James's, June 6.

THURSDAY laſt, being the Anniverſary of the King's Birth-day, there was a very numerous and ſplendid appearance of the Nobility, Foreign Miniſters, and other perſons of diſtinction, at the Drawing-Room on the occaſion. At one o'clock the guns in the Park and at the Tower were fired; and in the evening there was a Ball at Court, and illuminations and other public demonſtrations of joy throughout London and Weſtminſter.

At the Court at *Kew*, the 5th day of June 1789,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

His Majeſty having been pleaſed to appoint the Right Honourable William Wyndham Grenville to be one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, he was this day, by his Majeſty's command, ſworn one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

ESTABLISHMENT

Of His Royal Highneſs the Duke of CLARENCE.

St James's, June 1.

Treaſurer and Comptroller of the Houſehold—The Hon. George Keith Elphinſtone, Captain in the Royal Navy.

Grooms of the Bedchamber—Sir John Borlaſe Warren, Bart. Captain in the Royal Navy.—Charles Monice Pole, Eſq; Captain in the Royal Navy.—Colonel William Dalrymple, of the Queen's Regiment of Foot.

Equerries—Hugh Cloberry Chriſtian, Eſq; Captain in the Royal Navy.—The Hon. John Rodney, Captain in the Royal Navy.—Colonel John Byde of the Coldſtream Regiment of Foot Guards.

Chaplains—The Rev. George Waddington.—The Rev. Thomas Lloyd.—The Rev. William Tuting.

Phyſicians—Dr Gilbert Blane.—Dr Benjamin Moſeley.

Surgeon—Thomas Keate, Eſq.

Phyſician to the Houſehold—Dr Benjamin Moſeley.

St James's, June 4.

This day Monſieur Bukaty, Envoy Extraordinary and Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the King and the Republic of Poland, had a private audience of her Majeſty:

To which he was introduced by the Earl of Aileſbury, Lord Chamberlain to her Majeſty, and conducted by Stephen Cottrell, Eſq; Aſſiſtant Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Turin, May 23.

Count Corte, Secretary of State for the Home Department, is created Grand Chancellor. The Great Croſs of the Order of St Maurice has been given to Count Hauteville; and Count Maſin has been raiſed to the dignity of Grandee of the Crown.

War-Office, June 6. 1789.

2d (or Queen's) Regiment of Dragoon Guards, Major Thomas Garth, from the half-pay of the late 20th dragoons, is appointed to be Major, vice Cuthcart Taylor, promoted.

3d (or the King's own) Regiment of Dragoons, Major Cuthcart Taylor, from the 2d regiment of Dragoon Guards, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Colonel Francis Edward Gwyn. Cornet Hon. Saville H. Lumley to be Lieutenant, by purchaſe, vice Abraham Whitaker, who retires.

4th Regiment or Dragoons, Captain-Lieutenant Robert Wilſon to be Captain of a Troop, by purchaſe, vice Chriſtopher Teeſdale, who retires. Lieutenant Burgh Leighton to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Robert Wilſon. Cornet Thomas St John to be Lieutenant, vice Burgh Leighton.

15th (or King's) Regiment of Light Dragoons, Colonel Francis Edward Gwyn, of the 3d dragoons, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Major-General George Auſtin.

3d Regiment of Foot Guards, Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Campbell, from the 62d foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice Charles Howard, who exchanges.

5th Regiment of Foot, Captain Thomas Steuart, from the half-pay of the 63d regiment, to be Captain of a Company, vice Benjamin Baker, who exchanges.

21ſt Regiment of Foot, (or the Royal North Britiſh Fuſileers,) General James Murray, from the 13th regiment of foot, to be Colonel, vice Lieutenant-General Alexander Mackay, deceaſed.

22d Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant Alexander P. Lindſay to be Adjutant, by purchaſe, vice Donald M'Donald, who reſigns.

26th Regiment of Foot, John Thomas Eyre, Gent. to be Enſign, by purchaſe, vice William Wheeler, who retires.

34th Regiment of Foot, Enſign George Murray, from the 71ſt regiment, to be Enſign, vice William Le Geyt, who goes upon the half-pay of the 47th regiment. Cavendiſh Sturt, Gent. to be Enſign, by purchaſe, vice George Sneyd, who retires.

49th Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant William Archer, from the [illegible] regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice [illegible], who exchanges.

60th (or the Royal American) Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant Alexander M'Lean, from the half-pay of the 60th regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice James Grey Tucker, who exchanges.

71ſt (Highland) Regiment of Foot, Enſign Marcus Marr, from the half-pay of the 47th regiment, to be Enſign, vice George Murray, removed to the 34th regiment.

Captain Philip Mercier, Lieutenant in Captain Watts's Independent Company, to be Lieutenant in Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Maſon Lewis's Independent Company of Invalids at Jerſey, vice Walter Nugent, deceaſed.

Lieutenant Thomas Brown, from the 44th regiment, to be Lieutenant in Captain Stephen Watts's Independent Company of Invalids at Jerſey, vice Philip Mercier.

Captain Philip Mercier, Lieutenant of Invalids, to be Fort-Major and Adjutant of the Garriſon of Jerſey, vice Walter Nugent, deceaſed.

William Finlayſon, Gent. to be Deputy Commiſſary of Stores and Proviſions in the Garriſon of Dominica, vice Archibald Calder, deceaſed.

Lieutenant-General Lord Adam Gordon to be Commander of the Forces in North Britain, vice Lieutenant-General Alexander Mackay, deceaſed.

Lieutenant-General James Grant, to be Governor of Stirling Caſtle, vice Lieutenant-General Alexander Mackay, deceaſed.

[This Gazette contains a Congratulatory Addreſs to his Majeſty, on his late Happy Recovery, from the Miniſters and Elders of the Provincial Synod of Roſs.]

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 2.—Holland, 1.—France, 1.
Due—Ireland, 2.—Flanders, 1.—Holland, 1.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Hague, May 24. On the 16th inſtant, the Court of Juſtice of the Province of Utrecht pronounced ſentence againſt Klaas Goudriaan, lately maſter of the dykes of Leddendyk, Bovendams, and the Vaart, and now a fugitive, by which ſentence he is baniſhed from the city of Utrecht, and the manor of Vaart, for life, for having, during the troubles, behaved ill towards the Sovereign of the province of Utrecht, and having, in the beginning of September 1787, opened the ſluice of Vaart, and pierced the Dyke of Haageſtyn, which would not only have inundated part of the ſaid province, but great part of that of Holland, the country of Vianen, the counties of Cuylenburg and Leerdam, if the waters had not lowered greatly at that time.

The ſame day, the Court of Juſtice of Frieſland pronounced ſentence againſt Cornelius Vander Burg, Burgomaſter, Regent, and Member of the Council of Bolſwor. This ſentence condems him to be led to the ſcaffold by the hangman, to have the ſword paſſed over his head, and to be baniſhed the province of Frieſland for twenty years, for ſigning and acknowledging by oath the declaration of the Commiſſion of Defence eſtabliſhed at Franeker, and for being guilty of other crimes againſt the Conſtitution.

Warſaw, May 13. Laſt Thurſday the diſpatches from our miniſter at Berlin were read with the doors ſhut. They contain an inſinuation from the Pruſſian miniſter relative to the conferences with the Marquis Lucheſini, upon certain matters not eaſily to be explained in writing. It is ſaid to be upon the ſubject of an alliance with the Pruſſian and Engliſh Courts, and perhaps even to the ſucceſſion to the throne of Poland. The reſolves of the States upon this were, that the Deputation of foreign affairs ſhould be ordered to confer with the Pruſſian and Engliſh miniſters, as often as they pleaſed; but as to other foreign miniſters reſiding here, and particularly the Ruſſian, it was reſolved, with conſent of the King, that if they deſired a conference, they ſhould notify to the Deputation the reaſons for which they wiſhed it. The moderation of the Ruſſian Court in all theſe circumſtances occaſions much ſpeculation.

Vienna, May 18. Part of General Haddick's army is already encamped near Opowa, but the field-marſhal is going to eſtabliſh his head-quarters at Great Bekiſkeret, and purpoſes commencing the operations of the campaign about the 14th. The corps in the Bannat, under General Clairfait, is alſo in motion, and is marching towards the frontiers. Field-Marſhal Laudohn, who arrived at Gradiſka on the 9th, purpoſes beginning his operations on the 12th. The Turks, under the command of the Governor of Boſnia, have taken poſt near Oſtrochatz, to cover Czettin and Bihacz.

Vienna, May 20. On Sunday laſt his Majeſty attended divine ſervice at the church belouging to the Court, and afterwards gave audience to the Sardinian envoy, who preſented the Chevalier Piofaſquede-Non, grand cup-bearer to the King of Sardinia.

Roman, April 16. The Turks are aſſembling in every part of Wallachia. There have been ſome movements near Kaminieck and Podoliky. The enemy is marching, with another army of 72,000 men, towards Moldavia and Choczim, in conſequence of which they have provided that place with proviſions and ammunition, and augmented the garriſon with 2000 infantry and 4000 cavalry.

It is likewiſe reported, that 120,000 Turks are advancing towards Bender and Oczakow. Bender has received a reinforcement from Siliſtria of 3000 janiſſaries, and the garriſon of Akerman has been augmented with 500 men; but, at the ſame time, above 1000 have deſerted from thoſe two fortreſſes. General Kamenſkoy has made diſpoſitions to inveſt Bender by the end of this month.

A Ruſſian detachment has lately taken a number of Jews who had left Bender. We learn from them, that the garriſon of that place conſiſts of 10,000 men, beſides 900 inhabitants capable of bearing arms. The fortreſs has proviſions enough for a year. There are no mines; but the ramparts are mounted with 113 pieces of cannon, moſtly of braſs.

PARISIAN TOPICS.

May 31. 1789.

(Accurate ſtate of the proceedings.)

The diſcord between the three orders of the States ſtill continues, and prevents the diſcuſſion of any national queſtion. The Chamber of the Clergy having broke up on Wedneſday, without determining any thing in reſpect to the meſſage from the Third Eſtate, agreed to meet on Thurſday morning early, in order to conſider the meaſure propoſed to them. When the Commons ſent to know their anſwer, they were informed that the Clergy had begun to take the propoſition into conſideration, but had diſcontinued the debate, on account of a letter they had juſt received from the King.

The ſubſtance of this letter was, to recommend to them to renew and continue the conciliation conferences which the committees from the three orders had already begun: the Commons not having then received any letters from his Majeſty, to the ſame effect, proceeded to conſider the meaſures proper to be taken in this circumſtance, when a gentleman arrived from the King with the ſame letter to their aſſembly. Theſe letters ſeemed likewiſe to enjoin, that the conferences ſhould be held in the preſence of [illegible] other commiſſioners as his Majeſty ſhould appoint.

On this letter a debate aroſe, whether the King could with propriety interfere in any matter which was in diſcuſſion among the States General of the nation: as it appeared however that his Majeſty's letter went no farther than to conciliate meaſures between the three Eſtates, and to have ſome authentic account of their differences, it was agreed to empower their committee to renew the conference in the manner the King had indicated; but as there was reaſon to ſuppoſe their conduct had been miſrepreſented to his Majeſty, it was reſolved to ſend an addreſs, to beg that he would be graciouſly pleaſed to receive a deputation from the Third Eſtate, and to hear from themſelves their reaſons for inſiſting on aſſembling in one common Chamber, and for refuſing to enter into any national queſtion in three ſeparate bodies. A new queſtion aroſe, whether it was moſt proper to preſent this addreſs before they permitted a renewal of the conference, at the ſame time, or after the effect of the conference ſhould be known. The aſſembly met at eight in the morning; at three, they adjourned till five, and then ſtaid till eleven o'cock: renewed their debate on Friday, and at length agreed to wait the effect of the conference. This conference was held in the preſence of the Keeper of the Seals laſt night (Saturday;) the reſult of it is not yet known. To-morrow, notwithſtanding the holidays, the aſſembly is to receive the report of the Committee.

AMERICA.

Philadelphia, April 22.

Monday laſt, his Excellency George Waſhington, Eſq; the Preſident Elect of the United States, arrived in this city, about one o'clock, accompanied by the Preſident of the State, Governor St Clir, the Speaker of the Aſſembly, the Chief Juſtice, the Honourable Mr Read, the Attorney General, and Secretary Thomſon, the two city troops of horſe, the county troop, a detachment of artillery, a body of light infantry, and a numerous concourſe of citizens on horſeback and foot.

His Excellency rode in the front of the proceſſion on horſeback. The number of ſpectators who filled the doors, windows, and ſtreets which he paſſed, was greater than on any other occaſion we ever remember. The bells were rung through the day and night, and a *feu de joye* was fired as he moved down Market and Second Streets, to the City Tavern.

The joy of the whole city upon this auguſt ſpectacle cannot eaſily be deſcribed. Every countenance ſeemed to ſay. "Long, Long live George Waſhington, the Father of the People!" At three o'clock, his Excellency ſat down to an elegant entertainment of 250 covers, at the City Tavern, prepared for him by the citizens of Philadelphia. A band of muſick played during the entertainment, and a diſcharge of artillery took place at every toaſt, among which was, "the State of Virginia." The ſhip Alliance, and a Spaniſh merchant ſhip, were handſomely decorated with colours of different nations. His Excellency, having travelled with great expedition from Mount Verno, proceeded yeſterday morning for New York, where he will receive that power, which is infinitely preferable to an hereditary crown, inaſmuch as it is conferred upon merit, by the unanimous and free ſuffrages of the repreſentatives of near three millions of affectionate and grateful people.

The following SONATA was ſung by a number of young girls, dreſſed in white, and decked with wreathes and chaplets of Flowers, holding baſkets of flowers in their hands, as General Waſhington paſſed under the triumphal arch raiſed on the Bridge at Trenton, April 21. 1789:

WELCOME, mighty Chief! once more
Welcome to this grateful Shore:
Now no mercenary Foe
Aims again the fatal blow—
Aims at thee the fatal blow.

Virgins fair, and Matrons grave,
Thoſe thy conqu'ring arms did ſave,
Build for thee triumphal Bowers.
Strew, ye Fair, his way with flowers †
Strew your Hero's way with flowers.

† As they ſung theſe lines they ſtrewed the flowers before the General, who halted until the Sonata was finiſhed.

The General being preſented with a copy of the Sonata, was pleaſed to addreſs the following Card to the Ladies.

To the Ladies of Trenton who were aſſembled on the 21ſt day of April 1789, at the Triumphal Arch erected by them on the Bridge, which extends acroſs the Aſſanpink Creek.

GENERAL WASHINGTON cannot leave this place without expreſſing his acknowledgments to the Matrons and Young Ladies, who received him in ſo novel and grateful a manner at the Triumphal arch in Trenton, for the exquiſite ſenſations he experienced in that affecting moment. The aſtoniſhing contraſt between his former and actual ſituation at the ſame ſpot—the elegant taſte with which it was adorned for the preſent occaſion—and the innocent appearance of the white-robed choir who met him with the gratulatory ſong—have made ſuch an impreſſion on his remembrance, as, he aſſures them, will never be effaced.

Trenton, April 21. 1789.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, *June 5.*

THE Houſe being met, the Clerk read the following letter from the Speaker:

TO MR HATSELL.

"SIR, *Whitehall, June 5.*

"His Majeſty having been graciouſly pleaſed to "appoint me one of the Secretaries of State, I take "the liberty of acquainting you with it, as the ap"pointment will conſequently vacate my ſeat in Par"liament; at the ſame time, I avail myſelf of this "opportunity of returning my ſincere thanks to the "Houſe, for the indulgence they have ſhewn me on "all occaſions.

"I have the honour to be,
"Sir, &c.
(Signed) "W. W. GRENVILLE."

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* then roſe: His Majeſty, he ſaid, had, in order that the public buſineſs might not be delayed, ſignified his wiſh that a new Speaker might be appointed as ſoon as poſſible; and that on Tueſday next he would receive him in the Houſe of Peers. He therefore moved, that the Houſe do adjourn to Monday, on which day they ſhould proceed to the choice of a new Speaker, in order to preſent him on Tueſday to his Majeſty in the Houſe of Peers for his approbation; and that the opening of the Budget ſhould be deferred to Wedneſday next.—Agreed to. Adjourned to Monday.

LONDON—JUNE 8.

Friday at one o'clock, a Cabinet Council was held in his Majeſty's Council Chamber, Kew Palace, which was attended by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Dukes of Richmond and Leeds, the Marquis of Stafford, the Earls of Chatham and Camden, Lords Sydney and Hawkeſbury, the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, and Mr Lundas. At three o'clock the Council broke up, when the Miniſters returned to town.

Same day, Lord Sydney attended the Council at Kew Palace, delivered up his commiſſion, and retired from the office of Secretary of State for the Home Department, on being appointed one of the Chief Juſtices in Eyre.

Same day, Mr Fox and Mr Burke had a long interview with his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales at Carleton Houſe, and at four o'clock his Royal Highneſs took an airing in his phaeton in Hyde Park.

Juſt before his Majeſty ſet off for Kew on Thurſday, he handed the Queen and Princeſſes into their carriage, and affectionately ſaluted each of the latter, bidding them be happy and cheerful at Court.

Saturday morning her Majeſty came to Buckingham Houſe in her poſt coach, without any guard or attendants. Her Majeſty's viſit was ſo unexpected, that the porter of the great gate was not in the way; and her Majeſty, after waiting half an hour, was under the neceſſity of going into the Palace by the private paſſage appropriated for the ſervants. Her Majeſty immediately ſent for Mr Pitt, and not Lord Thurlow, as uſual. It is ſuppoſed, that her Majeſty's private conference with Mr Pitt, was reſpecting the new arrangements. At half paſt two her Majeſty returned to Kew. *M. S.*

On Saturday laſt, Mr Grenville, Secretary of State for the Home Department, diſpatched ſeveral letters from his office in the Treaſury, Whitehall, to the Marquis of Buckingham, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Mr Grenville, in a very few months, by his appointment of Speaker and Secretary of State, receives amount to about 6000l. ſterling.

Yeſterday Lord Sydney gave a grand dinner to all the Cabinet Miniſters, and ſeveral other nobility, at his houſe, Groſvenor-ſquare.

Yeſterday morning, Mr Pitt breakfaſted with Mr Dundas, at Wimbeldon, and at noon returned to town.

A council was held at Kew on Saturday, at which all the Cabinet Miniſter aſſiſted. Mr Grenville, the new Secretary of State for home department officiated for the firſt time.

To-morrow his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales will review the Coldſtream Regiment of Guards. The Duke of York has ordered the regiment to be new cloathed and accoutred on this occaſion. Aſhford Common is expected to be the ground.—After the review, the Duke will give a ſplendid entertainment to his Royal Brothers and the Officers of the Corps; and likewiſe a comfortable dinner to his ſoldiery on the parade, oppoſite York Houſe, where the neceſſary preparations are making for that laudable purpoſe.

The Duke of York, in the courſe of the preſent week, has won ten thouſand pounds at tennis.

BIRTH NIGHT BALL.

We lay the following article, taken from one of Saturday morning's papers, before our readers, without pretending to vouch for its authenticity:

There was but one country dance at the Birth-Night Ball. We are ſorry to ſay, that its being ſo abruptly broken off, is to be referred to the ſame cauſe that has of late ſo unhappily divided the Royal Family. The three Princes went to Court with the moſt affectionate duty, to celebrate the Anniverſary of their Royal Father's birth. The Prince of Wales was moſt magnificently dreſſed, and in all his appointments ſhewed a diſpoſition to do the higheſt poſſible honour to the day. The King was properly adviſed not to undergo the fatigue of the Drawing-room and Ball; and, on this account, the Princes thought themſelves particularly bound to aſſiſt in the ſplendor of the Court. They danced minuets, and they ſtood up to country dances.

Much to their aſtoniſhment, and contrary to the etiquette, Colonel Lenox, who had not danced a minuet, ſtood up with the beautiful and accompliſhed Lady Catharine Barnard. The Prince of Wales did not ſee this, until he and his partner, the Princeſs Royal, came to Colonel Lenox's place in the dance, when, ſtruck with the incongruity, he took the Princeſs's hand juſt as ſhe was about to be turned by Colonel Lenox, and led her to the bottom of the dance.

The Duke of York and the Princeſs Auguſta came next, and they turned the Colonel without the leaſt particularity or exception.

The Duke of Clarence with the Princeſs Elizabeth came next, and his Highneſs followed the example of the Prince of Wales.

The dance proceeded, however, and Colonel Lenox, and his lovely partner, danced down. When they came to the Prince and Princeſs, his Royal Highneſs took his ſiſter, and led her to her chair by the Queen.

Her Majeſty, addreſſing herſelf to the Prince of Wales, ſaid, "You ſeem heated, Sir, and tired."—"I am heated and tired, Madam," ſaid the Prince, "not with the dance, but tired of dancing in ſuch company."—"Then, Sir," ſaid the Queen, "it will be better for me to withdrew, and put an end to the ball."—"It certainly will be ſo," replied the Prince, "for I never will countenance inſults given to my family, however they may be treated by others."

At the end of the dance, accordingly, her Majeſty and the Princeſſes withdrew, and the Ball was concluded.

The Prince of Wales, with his natural gallantry, explained to Lady Catharine Barnard the reaſon of his conduct, and aſſured her Ladyſhip, that it gave him much pain that he had been under the neceſſity of acting in a manner that might ſubject a Lady to a moment's embarraſſment. Before he quitted the Ball-room, he told Mr Pitt, that it was to his good offices that he owed the unhappy diſſention in his family.

The following ſtatement of the above buſineſs appeared in the Morning Herald of Monday June 8.

When the ſet was formed for the country dances, to the no ſmall ſurpriſe of every body, Mr Lenox appeared to compoſe a part of it, and ſtood immediately below the Duke of Cumberland.

The Prince of Wales and the Princeſs Royal, who formed the firſt couple, when they had danced down as far as Mr Lenox, very properly expreſſed their indignation at the inſult thus deliberately offered to the whole Royal Family, by breaking the figure, and paſſing on to the couple next below Mr Lenox, without honouring him with the ſmalleſt notice.

The Duke of York, however, who immediately followed, with a delicacy that reflects on him the higheſt honour, prevailed upon his partner, the Princeſs Auguſta, ſo far to ſuppreſs her ſenſations of diſpleaſure againſt the man who had deliberately endeavoured to take away her brother's life, that Mr Lenox was not omitted when they came to him.

But from the Duke of Clarence and the Princeſs Elizabeth, who had not the ſame reaſon as the Duke of York for treating Mr Lenox with attention, he received the ſame mortifying marks of contempt and diſregard which he had previouſly experienced from the firſt couple.

Common feeling would, we are convinced, have prevented any other man than Mr Lenox from joining in the Royal ſet, had his pretenſions been ever ſo ſtrong; but Mr Lenox did not poſſeſs even the ſhadow of an excuſe—his junction in the dance was neither more nor leſs than an *impertinent obtruſion*, becauſe that, not having danced a Minute, by the eſtabliſhed Court *etiquette* he had no right to ſtand up in the Country Dances at all, and it was the duty of the Maſter of Ceremonies to have turned him out of the party. But Mr Lenox knows, that an inſult to the Prince of Wales may be acceptable to ſome perſons, and cannot be reſented.

But there is anotner circumſtance that muſt not paſs unnoticed, namely, the conduct of her Majeſty on this occaſion. When the Queen perceived that the Royal Offaſpring did not exactly approve of coming into familiar contract with a gentleman who, the week before, had endeavoured to ſhoot their brother through the head, ſhe enquired of the Prince "If he was tired of dancing?"—To which his Royal Highneſs is ſaid to have replied, that "It was not ſo much the dances as the dancers with whom he was diſguſted."—Whereupon her Majeſty rejoined, that "If that was the caſe, the Ball ſhould inſtantly break up; as ſhe was determined that Mr Lenox ſhould be treated with all poſſible reſpect,"—and accordingly ſhe immediately retired in evident anger.

We ſcarcely know on what principle to account for this very ſtrange conduct in the Queen, unleſs it be, that actuated by a ſpirit of generoſity ſimilar to that diſplayed by the Duke of York, her Majeſty was anxious of convincing the world, that ſhe alſo was capable of forgetting an injury, ſo much ſo, that on her huſband's birth-day, ſhe could ſhower her favours on the nephew of the man, who had uſed language reſpecting that very huſband and his birth-day, which, if applied to any private individual,

would have merited and obtained for the noble speaker of them, manual chaſtiſement.

But it was not in the evening that this Chriſtian-like ſpirit of her Majeſty ſhone forth in its greateſt ſplendor, for in the morning it beamed with equal brightneſs, and Mr Lenox and Lord Winchelſea had to boaſt that her Majeſty not only addreſſed them with more than cuſtomary benignity, when they entered the circle, but that ſhe alſo kindly noticed them in ſo particular a manner when they were leaving the room, that the oldeſt Courtiers envied them; and the Biſhops rejoiced and praiſed the Lord, who had bleſſed the nation with ſo pious and forgiving a Queen.

The Prince made a handſome apology to Lady Barnard, the Partner of Mr Lennox, for paſſing her on the Birth night-Ball;—and the affable manner in which her Ladyſhip received it, has made her the theme of his Highneſs's praiſe ever ſince:—His firſt glaſs, after he left the Court, was to toaſt Lady Barnard.

The Princes of the Blood, on every occaſion that brings them before the public, like gold paſſing through the fire, appear not only with undiminiſhed value, but with additional luſtre. The acquieſcence of the Prince of Wales, to the opinion of Parliament, on the queſtion of Regency, and the manner in which his determination was promulged in the Houſe of Lords by the Duke of York, was truly dignified and patriotic.

The conduct of the Duke of York on a recent diſpute, was equally ſpirited, cool, and prudent. When we reflect upon theſe events, we cannot but perceive, that they have ſprung from latent motives, worked up by malignity, and produced to light, for the purpoſe of depreciating in the eye of the people, the neareſt relatives of his Majeſty; a conduct, which, though not cognizable by law, muſt naturally, in the conſtruction of every honeſt man's mind, amount to an offence little ſhort of *treaſon*; for it is nothing ſhort of treachery.

When Lord Winchelſea, the Noble ſecond to Mr Lenox, ſolicited the hand of one of the Princeſſes, at the Birth-day Ball, ſhe ſarcaſtically replied, '*My "Lord! I fancy you forget that I am a Siſter.*".

When the Marquis Del Campo gave an invitation to the Queen, a liſt of the intended gueſts was preſented for her Majeſty's inſpection.—Surely if this attention was required to the Queen, a like reſpect ought by Lord Saliſbury, to have been paid a higher character in this country, namely, the Heir Apparent:—In this caſe, it is preſumed, Mr Lenox would not have been found among the *Birth-night* dancers!

Certain Peers and Commons were excluded from being at the Spaniſh Miniſter's fete; but let it be remembered, that thoſe Peers poſſeſs hereditary honors, and the Commons are choſen by the people,—and as members of the ſtate they are entitled to every *reſpect* from the party, who evinced a very contrary conduct.

"Why did the Prince and his brothers ſuddenly quit the entertainment given by the Ambaſſadors of France and Spain?"—The queſtion is thus anſwered:—To meet thoſe who were excluded from the place, on account of their being the Prince's *friends!*

Anecdote.—His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales having repeatedly witneſſed the drunken ſtate of one of his footmen, and Col. Lake having frequently, but without effect, adviſed the man to reform, or he would loſe his place, it became neceſſary in the end to diſcharge him, which was done laſt week. In a few days afterwards, his Royal Highneſs ſent for the wife of the footman, and deſired Col. Lake to inform her, that in conſideration of her family, and as drunkenneſs was a vice that might keep her huſband always in poverty, he had directed a penſion of thirty pounds per annum to be paid during her life, which was to be ſolely appropriated to the maintenance of her and her children.

MINUTES *of the* BUSINESS *this day in* BOTH HOUSES.

IN THE LORDS.

Their Lordſhips will meet, purſuant to their adjournment previous to the Whitſun holidays.

An appeal from Scotland ſtands for hearing.

IN THE COMMONS.

The Houſe will proceed to the choice of a new Speaker; all other buſineſs is of courſe ſuſpended until the gentleman on whom their choice ſhall fall has received his Majeſty's approbation.

Parliament will, it is now poſitively ſaid, be diſſolved immediately on the cloſe of the preſent ſeſſion.

The preſent Iriſh Parliament will not meet again.

The new loan of a million is now fixed to be by Tontine, conſiſting of ſeveral claſſes of ſubſcribers according to their different ages.

Lottery tickets, though taken from Government at ſo high a price as 5 l. 8 s. 7½d. above their *original* value, ſold in the Alley to non-ſubſcribers the ſame day at half-a-guinea premium.

Though there were no leſs than five gentlemen who offered for the Lottery, none of them were able to cope with the rich purchaſer.

The enſuing Lottery will be much more advantageous to the public than the laſt. The ſcheme is not finally ſettled, but the following will be nearly the plan:

One of	-	£. 30,000
Two of	-	20,000
Two of	-	10,000
Five of	-	5,000
Ten of	- -	2,000
Twenty of	-	1,000
Thirty of	- -	500

Single Hundreds and Fifties in proportion.

Prizes of 25l. and 20l. are the loweſt.

The number of tickets 50,000, which were bargained for with Government at 15 l. 8s. 7½d. each; they now bear a premium of 8s. each.

It is very much in mercantile converſation, that the Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank, with the approbation of the reſt of the Directors, and a large body of the proprietary, ſhortly intend petitioning Parliament to enable them to give *ſeparate votes* on each ſhare of their property in Bank Stock, as the Eaſt India proprietors, and other great companies, practiſe at preſent; ſo that for every *aſteriſk* which ſtands oppoſite a proprietor's name, he will be entitled to an equal number of votes.

If the above regulation ſhould take place, it will ſtill throw a greater degree of power in the hands of the direction than they have at preſent, and enable them to preſerve their own corps, like the Macedonian phalanx, impregnable.

The Adamant man of war of 50 guns, which is to be the flag ſhip on the American ſtation at Halifax, is ſafe arrived at Portſmouth from the River Medway, where Admiral Sir Richard Hughes will hoiſt his flag on board her, and proceed immediately to Nova Scotia to take the command. Admiral Hughes's commiſſion, as naval Commander in America, extends to all the ports and parts of the Britiſh dominions in North America hitherto diſcovered.

No packets will in future be taken up by the Eaſt India Company, unleſs on ſome particular emergency, as the Company's own ſhips now make their paſſages with ſuch expedition as to render that mode an unneceſſary expence.

We underſtand the above is an arrangement propoſed by Lord Cornwallis.

The Charlotte, Captain Gilbert, from Botany Bay, laſt from China, with tea on account of the Eaſt India Company, is ſafe arrived off the Iſle of Wight.

Some of the ſhips lately arrived from Bengal have brought home ſpecimens of ſugar and indigo, being the firſt crop in each kind which has ever been imported from that province. The ſugar, which is of the clay ſort, is tolerably good, and capable of being improved; the indigo is better in quality.

Sir Charles Nourſe, in the market phraſe, cuts up well—in the technical of his own profeſſion, that too was his character.

One hundred and ten thouſand pounds he has left behind him.

The property, in part, is diſpoſed of as follows;—To Mr Finch 20,000 l.—to Miſs Finch, 30,000 l.—to Mr Wayland, 25,000 l.—to Mrs Woodhouſe, the like ſum.

Sir Charles's ſiſter gets above 10,000 l. as reſiduary legatee.

Lee Lewis is returned from India, but not ſo totally diſappointed as is generally conceived. When the indiſpenſible order for his non-appearance was iſſued, Lord Cornwallis's donation was followed up by a clear benefit for the unfortunate actor, from which near 600l. was derived:—for this he was indebted to the liberal exertions of Mr Rundell, the acting manager; a gentleman of whoſe private as well as public worth, there is but one opinion in India.

Ward, the boxer, who was on Friday tried at the Old Bailey, for the ſuppoſed murder of *Edward Swayne*, was found *guilty of man-ſlaughter*. Sentence will be paſſed at the concluſion of the ſeſſion. It is thought he will be impriſoned for a year or two, and ſecurity given for his future peaceable behaviour.

By this time the Dauphin is no more; after various trials of ſkill to afford his Royal Highneſs relief, the Court Phyſicians, on the 31ſt of laſt month, informed the amiable Queen, that it would not be adviſeable for her Majeſty to go again to the Dauphin's chamber, as his Highneſs did not appear to have four hours life!——On this authority, we preſume, the Queen heard the tidings like a *woman*,—like a *mother*;—ſhe retired to weep, and her *maternal tears* were more lovely ornaments than diamonds!

The Ruſſians and Auſtrians have taken *French leave* of Moldavia.

The former have evacuated Jaſſy, and have fled to the *right ſide* of the Nieſter.

The latter are gone to the frontiers of the Buckowrine.

A great number of Turkiſh ſhips are ſaid to be at the mouth of the Nieſter, and about Belgord, as well as Kilia, in order to make a grand attempt on Oczakow. Men are pouring in from all parts of the Ottoman Empire to that attack, which they are determined to carry, if at the expence of 100,000 men!

The Turks, in order to divide their enemies, mean an attack on Jaſſy and Oczakow, at the ſame time.

On the 25th of April the Empreſs of Ruſſia diſtributed the rewards to thoſe who diſtinguiſhed themſelves in the capture of Oczakow. Prince Potemkin received a ſtaff of command entwined with laurel and richly ornamented with diamonds, a letter of thanks, a medal ſtruck in memory of his ſkilful and interpid behaviour, and the ſum of 100,000 roubles in money. To Generals Prince Repnin and Mr Suwarof her Majeſty gave, to the former a gold ſword richly ſet with brilliants, and to the latter a plume of brilliants to wear in his hat; to Lieutenants General Mr de Naſchtſchokin 700 peaſants, Paul de Potemkin a ſword, de Hecking a large eſtate in Livonia, and to Prience Gallitzin a ſword; to General Baron Puhlen 500 peaſants, Mr Bucholz, Tehmers, and Meknob, each a gold-hilted ſword; to Colonels Eſchewiſky, Ponakof, Kiſelſef, Fiſcher, Deſef Marcof, and to Lieutenant-Colonel Juſchkof, each a gold-hilted ſword; to the widow of Major Muller, of the artillery, killed in the attack of Oczakow, an eſtate in Livonia; to Major General Mevendorf, Lieutenant Colonel Miller, and Major Hering, of the artillery, each an eſtate in Livonia; to all the ſubalterns and ſoldiers, eauh a medal of ſilver: her Majeſty has beſides made many promotions, and diſtributed a number of ribbons of orders.

THE EMPRESS OF RUSSIA'S DECLARATION.

"From the beginning of the unjuſt war raiſed againſt Ruſſia by the King of Sweden, the Empreſs has conſtantly endeavoured to maintain the trade and liberty of neutral veſſels in the Baltic; and ſhe flatters herſelf that all commercial nations who trade on this ſea have received the moſt convincing proofs of efficacious protection on her part, on which they may depend: but ſeeing that, contrary to her will, this war is prolonged, Her Imperial Majeſty has again thought proper to openly publiſh her intentions on this ſubject, by a Declaration fit to add to that confidence which ſhe thinks to have already given the ſaid nations, and be ſufficient to engage them to purſue their courſe in that part of the ſea, without fear or heſitation.

"Therefore, her Imperial Majeſty informs all thoſe whom it may concern, that the ſtricteſt orders have been given to all her naval officers in the Baltic, to grant the moſt unqueſtionable protection to all trading veſſels which may, during this war, enter this ſea, and not to impede their navigation to any port of the Baltic they may be ſailing to; but, on the contrary, to even procure them (if they want it) all poſſible aſſiſtance in their power, excepting from the number only ſuch trading veſſels which ſhall endeavour to ſupply the enemies of Ruſſia with amunition; ſuch veſſels being, according to the practice univerſally agreed to, looked upon as contraband, and liable to be confiſcated.

"Such ſolemn promiſes, againſt which her Imperial Majeſty will not permit her officers to derogate, or in any the leaſt manner to infringe, will ſuffice to deſtroy the very idea of ſuſpicion which might ſtill remain, with regard to the ſecurity of this navigation: and her Imperial Majeſty expects that all neutral nations, without exception, will continue their tranſactions in the Baltic with the ſame ſafety to which they were accuſtomed before the rupture between Ruſſia and Sweden. Given at St Peterſburgh, April , 1789."

Extract of a letter from Paris, June 1.

"An extraordinary courier, from Vienna has brought a confirmation of the deſperate ſtate of the Emperor's health, whoſe death is hourly expected. His palpitations have become ſtronger and more frequent, and his fits of coughing ſo violent, as to give momentary apprehenſion of the rupture of a blood veſſel. His Majeſty, who had hitherto borne up againſt his diſorder with wonderful magnanimity, ſeems at length to look for his diſſolution, and has ſent an expreſs to bring his brother, the Grand Duke, to Vienna. Various are the conjectures on the conſequences of this death, but it is better to hazard none than ſuch as muſt be vague and imaginary; the event, however, is certainly a moſt important one."

India Stock Transfer Books will ſhut June 9, and open again July 9. South Sea Stock Transfer Books ſhut on Friday, and will open on July 20. New South Sea Ann. Transfer Books ſhut on Saturday, and open July 21. Three per cent. conſol. Transfer Books ſhut on Friday, and will open July 21. Three per cent. Ann. 1726 Transfer Books will ſhut June 9, and open July 23. Three per cent. Ann. 1751 Transfer Books will ſhut June 9, and open July 21. Five per cent. Transfer Books will ſhut June 10, and open July 22.

PRICE OF STOCKS, JUNE 8.

Bank Stock, 177½.	India Stock, —
New 4 per cent. 1777, 96½.	3 per cent. India Ann. —
4 per cent.	India Bonds, 80 s prem.
5 per cent. Ann. 1785, 116½.	South Sea Stock, ſhut.
4 per cent. 116.	Ditto Old Ann. —
3 per cent. conſ. 75¾ ⅞.	Ditto New Ann. —
3 per cent. con. ſhut, 76¾ ⅞.	3 per cent. 1751, —
5 per cent.	New Navy and Victualling Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Exch. Bills, —
Long Annuity,	
Ditto ſhort, 1778 and 1779,	Iriſh Lottery Tickets, 7 l. 3 s. 6 d.

WIND AT DEAL, JUNE 7. W. N. W.

BANKRUPT.

Thomas Munt of Weſton-ſtreet, Maze, in the borough of Southwark, in the county of Surry, dry-ſalter.—William Leach of Deal, in the county of Kent, linen-draper.—John Carr of Newcaſtle under Lyme, in the county of Stafford, inn keeper.—Thomas Berger of the Strand, in the county of Middleſex, tailor.—John Wood, late of New Brentford, in the county of Middleſex, draper.

The prize obtained by the Ducheſs of Devonſhire, at the Spaniſh Ambaſſador's Gala, was an *embroidered ſaſh*, with this inſcription:

Fortune afflicts the emblematic zone,
At once her juſtice and her taſte to prove;
Thus *Paris'* judgment was on *Ida* ſhown,
The APPLE yielding to the QUEEN of LOVE.

ANON.

TO THE MINISTER,
ON THE APPOINTING
A NEW SPEAKER.

LORD! how the *Commons* will rejoice
When ADDINGTON is made your choice:
And to the Chair is led;
I fancy, (tho' you hate a joke)
He'll feel like NELL, when ſhe awoke
In Lady LOVEBULL's Bed!

EDINBURGH.

John Grieve, Eſq; late Lord Provoſt of the City of Edinburgh, has received a commiſſion appointing him one of his Majeſty's Commiſſioners of the Board of Exciſe in Scotland; and he was this day ſworn into office, and took his ſeat at the Board accordingly.

General James Murray is promoted to be Colonel of the 21ſt regiment of foot; Lord Adam Gordon to be Commander in Chief in Scotland; and Lieutenant General James Grant to be Governor of Stirling Caſtle, all in room of General Mackay, deceaſed.—See *Gazette*.

Sir Francis Gordon of Leſmoir, Bart. is appointed by General Matthews to the Preſidency of Calicut near Bombay.

To-morrow, the Summer Seſſion commences, when the Lords will meet for the diſpatch of public buſineſs.

Whitſuntide term likewiſe commences to-morrow, in the Court of Exchequer.

Married at Thurſo, on 29th ult. George Sutherland, Eſq; of Brabſter, to Miſs Margaret Gibſon, eldeſt daughter of Mr George Gibſon, late of that place.

Married lately in France, at Boulogne-ſur-la-mer, the Honourable Captain Adam Gordon, to a French Lady of diſtinction.

Married at Glaſgow on Monday, Captain William Morrice, of Kilmarnock, to Miſs Peggy Clark, daughter of the deceaſed Mr Patrick Clark, merchant in Glaſgow.

Died at Aberdeen, on the 31ſt ult. Mrs John Dingwall younger.

Lewis Gordon of Techmury died at Techmury upon Thurſday the 4th current.

Yeſterday, after a long examination before the ſitting Magiſtrate, a young man, ſhop-keeper to a haberdaſher in town, was committed to the tolbooth, for having, by his own confeſſion, abſtracted a number of articles of wearing apparel from the ſhop, without the knowledge of his maſter or miſtreſs, but for which he declared he meant to have paid before he left his ſervice, when he was to receive his year's ſalary; and that he had never before carried away any thing, except once four ſhillings from the till. The miſtreſs, on the other hand, ſaid, that ſhe had frequently miſſed both goods and money, and her ſuſpicions became at laſt ſo ſtrong againſt the young man, as to induce her to apply for a warrant to ſearch his lodgings, where the above articles were found in a drawer, the key of which was in the young man's cuſtody. The Magiſtrate deſcanted with great propriety on the very heinous crime of ſtealing by a confidential ſervant, than which nothing could be more dangerous to ſociety, as the moſt virtuous and induſtrious might thereby be ruined before they knew any thing of the matter. He at the ſame time thought the miſtreſs of the ſhop deſerved the thanks of the public for the prudent and legal ſteps ſhe had taken to bring this theft to light, and hoped it would be attended with beneficial conſequences.

Since our laſt, a number of convicts for tranſportation to Botany Bay, have arrived from the different priſons in Scotland, and been lodged in this tolbooth. They are all males and amount to 34. It is expected they will be put on board a ſhip, ready to receive them in Leith Roads, either this night or to-morrow morning.

The Committee of Burgeſſes of Aberdeen ſeem to have been anxious to proxide the means of expreſſing their own joy and that of their fellow-citizens, in commemorating with every mark of reſpect the anniverſary of the birth-day immediately following the happy event of the King's recovery; and, from the approbation of all thoſe who ſpent the evening in the Merchant Hall, they have much reaſon to believe they ſucceeded equal to their moſt ſanguine expectation. The Hall was very ſplendidly illuminated with Argand lamps, and the decorations, very fancifully diſpoſed, of coloured lamps, had the beſt poſſible effect. The company, which was numerous, met at ſix o'clock, and their happineſs was abundantly conſpicuous during the courſe of between three and four hours, which were ſpent in the utmoſt convivality. In the orcheſtra was a band of muſic, who ſtruck up, "God ſave the "King", on his Majeſty's health being drank, and who continued to play between the toaſts during the entertainment. At a particular period, God ſave the King was ſung in parts with the happieſt effect, and it is needleſs to add, that the whole company joined in the chorus. Among other toaſts ſuitable to the occaſion, the following were given:

The King; The Queen; The Prince of Wales; The Duke of York and all the Royal Family; The Conſtitution; The Parliament of Great Britain; The Navy; The Army; Succeſs to the Bill depending in Parliament for the Reform of the Boroughs of Scotland; Mr Sheridan, the model of the Buſineſs of the Reform; Sir William Cunningham, and all the friends of Reform in Parliament; Sir Thomas Dundas, and the London Committee; Mr Bell, the worthy Secretary of the London Committee; The Conſtitutional Society of England; The Committee of Convention; Mr Fletcher, their patriotic Secretary; All the Committees of Reform and the Independent Burgeſſes of Scotland; Mr Graham and the Convention; The Magiſtrates and Council of Aberdeen; The Guildry and Incorporated Trades of Aberdeen; Lord Gardenſton; Mr Henry Erſkine; The Eighty-Eight and all the Whigs in Great Britain; The Land of Cakes; The Independent Peerage of Scotland; The Kirk of Scotland; The Commerce and Manufactures of Great Britain; The Plough; The States General of France, and ſucceſs to their deliberations for the liberty of their Country; Liberty and Happineſs to all Mankind!

We hear from Kirkcudbright, that on the evening of the 4th curt. a duel was fought between A. M. Eſq; and Mr J. A. both of that place. The parties armed with piſtols, and attended by ſeconds, took their ground. Mr M. was to have the firſt ſhot, whoſe piece miſſing fire, Mr A. benefited by this advantage, fired at his antagoniſt, and carried away part of the cock of Mr M's. hat. Mr M. made another attempt to fire, which was equally unſucceſsful. Here the ſeconds interfered, and the diſpute was afterwards amicably adjuſted.

Yeſterday ſe'ennight, a dumb man, whoſe name is ſuppoſed to be John Kell, was found dead in the fields, about half a mile above the Cullendoch, in the pariſh of Girthon. He has lived for many year about Dumfries, Kirkudbright, and Gatehouſe, and was generally employed in fiſhing. It appeared he had been dead about three weeks; and his body was ſo much putrified, that it could not be carried to any burying place. After a coffin was provided, ſeveral of the neighbours aſſembled, and burried him nigh the place where he was found dead. It is ſaid he came from Carliſle. He had in his pocket twenty-ſeven ſhillings in ſilver, and fourteen pence half-penny in braſs.

On Saturday the 30th ult. was apprehended at Kirkland, a few miles from Kendal, a young man of the name of William M'Pherſon, charged with the murder of one Charles Brown, nigh Perth, a few months ago. On Friday laſt he was brought to Dumfries, on his way to the laſt mentioned place, and lodged ſafely in Dumfries goal—where he now lies at preſent, until warrant ſhould be granted for his removal from thence.—The above William M'Pherſon was to have ſtood trial at laſt Perth aſſizes, along with ſeveral others accuſed of ſaid crime, but they were all outlawed for not appearing.—M'Pherſon appears in a peculiar manner to have been an old offender;—at laſt Dumfries Candlemas Fair, he made his appearance in company with about *eighteen* others, equally ſuſpicious, who, upon being brought before the Magiſtrates, and ſtrictly examined, were all ordered to be lodged in the houſe of correction. M'Pherſon's name was *then* Wilſon.

The Royal George Cuſtom Houſe cutter, Captain Crawford, on a cruize in the Weſt Highlands, has taken the Jan Johanna, a Dutch galliot, from Rotterdam, with 650 ankers, and 26 caſes of ſpirits, and carried her into Port-Glaſgow, on the 9th inſtant.

There is now living at Gravel-Pit Hall, near the Green Man, in Moxhull, Warwickſhire, one Anne Stringer, of the great age of 105, who had not been out of the houſe for thirty-five years before the 23d ult. and what is rather ſingular for a perſon of her age, ſhe walked on that day a mile and a half, and ſat up the beſt part of the night; and on the 25th ſhe undertook to walk three miles, which ſhe performed with great eaſe.

Extract of a letter from Girvan, June 2.

"Yeſterday was apprehended here, and ſent to Ayr jail, Thomas M'Leith an Iriſhman, and his wife, for counterfeiting ſhillings and ſixpences. They are a piece of copper, waſhed over with ſilver, imitating the coin of King William much worn. The inſtruments and materials were found in their cuſtody."

Thermometer and Barometer ſince our laſt:

				THER.	BAR.
Monday,	*June*	8.	8 P. M.	56	29.73
Tueſday,	——	9.	8 A. M.	54	29.73
			8 P. M.	49	29.73
Wedneſday,	——	10.	8 A. M.	49	29.73
			8 P. M.	57	29.79
Thurſday,	——	11.	8 A. M.	56	29.82

EXCHANGES ON

Amſterdam,	38	3		Oporto,	5 5
Ditto ſight,	37	9		Paris,	27½
Rotterdam,	38	5		Ditto 2 U.	27½
Hamburgh,	35	7	2½ U.	Board. 2 U.	27½
Liſbon,	5½			Dublin,	8½

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

Paſſed the Sound.

May 24. for Baltic, herrings.

25. Nancy of Borrowſtounneſs, Grindlay, from Pillau, for Borrowſtounneſs, wheat.

26. Amity of Dyſart, Bridges, from Memel, for Dyſart, balks.

Uranía of ditto, Dobbie, from ditto, for Leith, ditto.

Victory of ditto, Rutherford, from ditto, for Dundee, ditto.

Diana of Kincardine, Stewart, from Konigſberg, for Liverpool, wheat.

Elſinore, May 26. 1789.

WOOD AND HOWDEN.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

June 8. Ranger, Stocker, from Memel, wood.

Rachel, Robertſon, for ditto, ditto.

9 Jaſon, Staff, from Yarmouth, grain.

William and Craigentiny, Douglas, from Montroſe.

Temple, Bridges, from Hamburgh, goods.

Anne, Cidd, from Koningſberg, grain.

Mary, Hay, from London, goods.

Nancy, Fotheringham, for Kirkwall, ditto.

Janet, Spittal, from Koningſberg, grain.

10. Providence, Wilſon, from Berwick, goods.

Lady Grant, Malcolm, from Aberdeen, ditto.

Fortune, Charteris, from Pillaw, grain.

Two ſloops with coals, and ſeveral coaſters.

SAILED,

Hopewell, Welch, for Inverneſs, ditto.

Counteſs of Kintore, Milne, for Aberdeen, ditto.

Jean and Janet, Mowat, for Kirkwall, ditto.

Friendſhip, Smith, for ditto, ditto.

Friendſhip, Ritchie, for London, ditto.

Ceres, Macintoſh, for ditto, ditto.

Katharine and Isbel, Lyel, for Perth, ditto.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN SOMERVILLE, Merchant, above the Cruſs, Glaſgow.

A General Meeting of the whole Creditors of the ſaid John Somerville, by themſelves or agents, is requeſted by John Muir merchant, Glaſgow, Truſtee on the ſequeſtrated eſtate, in the houſe of Hugh Matindoe, vintner in Glaſgow, upon Monday the 15th day of June current, at one o'clock afternoon, for the purpoſe of adopting ſome meaſures to be conſidered of by the meeting, for collecting the debts due to the eſtate,—the debtors to which muſt now immediately make payment to the Truſtee, otherwiſe they will be proſecuted.

EXCISE-OFFICE, EDINBURGH,

June 8. 1789.

WHEREAS the COMMISSIONERS of EXCISE have good reason to believe that due obedience is not paid, in many parts of Scotland, to the directions of those acts of Parliament, which require every person, carrying on the trade or business of a DISTILLER, RECTIFIER, or COMPOUNDER of SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS; or of a DEALER in COFFEE, TEA, COCOA NUTS, or CHOCOLATE; or of an IMPORTER of, or DEALER in, FOREIGN SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, or of a DEALER in FOREIGN WINE; or of a STARCH-MAKER, to have these words painted in large legible characters over his or her outward door, whereby such persons do expose themselves to prosecution in the Court of Exchequer, for the penalties incurred by that neglect or refusal; the Commissioners think it proper to give public notice of the following clauses of the acts of Parliament relative to this subject, that none may pretend ignorance, and that in future all concerned may strictly comply with the law.

By stat. 19. Geo. III. cap. 50. sect. 6. 7. and 9. it is enacted, "That every maker, distiller, rectifier, and compounder of spirits, who shall make, distil, rectify, or compound any spirituous liquors for sale, within Great Britain, shall cause to be painted in durable, large, legible characters, over the outward door of each and every still-house, store-house, warehouse, shop, cellar, vault, and other place by him, her, or them respectively made use of for the making or keeping of *British*-made spirituous liquors, the words *Distiller, Rectifier, or Compounder of Spirituous Liquors*, as the case may be, upon pain of forfeiting for every such still-house, store-house, warehouse, shop, cellar, vault, or other place which shall be so made use of by such maker, distiller, rectifier, or compounder, without having the said words so painted as aforesaid, the sum of 100l."—"That if any person, who shall either make, distil, rectify, or compound any *British*-made spirituous liquors for sale, or who shall sell or deal in any sort of spirituous liquors, shall receive or buy, or procure or employ any person to receive or buy for him, her, or them, or for his, her, or their use, any *British*-made spirituous liquors, (except at the public sales of such *British*-made spirituous liquors as have been condemned, and are sold under the direction of the Commissioners of Excise) of any person or persons other than a maker, distiller, rectifier, or compounder of spirituous liquors for sale, over the outward door of whose still-house, store-house, warehouse, shop, cellar, vault, or other place by him or them respectively made use of for the making or keeping of *British*-made spirituous liquors, shall be painted as aforesaid, the words *Distiller, Rectifier, or Compounder of Spirituous Liquors*, as the case may be; every such person so offending shall forfeit and lose, for every such offence, the sum of 50l." And also, "That if any person whatever, other than such as shall have duly made entry of all the places by him, her, or them respectively made use of, for making or keeping of *British*-made spirituous liquors, shall paint, or cause to be painted, over the door of any place to them respectively belonging, the words *Distiller, Rectifier, or Compounder of Spirituous Liquors*, or either of them, every person so offending shall forfeit and lose the sum of 200 l. and shall also be subject to the several penalties and forfeitures to which persons making or distilling spirituous liquors for sale, without making entry, are now subject unto."—By stat. 21. Geo. III. cap. 55. sect. 37. it is enacted, "That if any person, who shall either make, distil, rectify, or compound any *British*-made spirituous liquors for sale; or who shall sell or deal in any sort of spirituous liquors, shall receive or buy, or procure or employ any person to receive or buy for him, her, or them, or for his, her, or their use, any *British* made spirituous liquors, (except at the) public sales of such *British*-made spirituous liquors as have been condemned, and are sold under the direction of the Commissioners of Excise) of any person or persons other than a maker distiller, rectifier, or compounder of spirituous liquors for sale, over the door of whose still-house, store-house, warehouse, shop, cellar, vault, or other place by him, her, or them respectively made use of, for the making or keeping of *British*-made spirituous liquors, shall be painted the words *Distiller, Rectifier, or Compounder of Spirituous Liquors* (as the case shall be, as by an act made in the 19th year of the reign of his present Majesty (intitled, an act for more effectually preventing frauds by private Distillers, and for the better securing the duties on low wines and spirits) is directed and prescribed; every such person so offending shall forfeit and lose, for every such offence, the sum of 500 l."

By stat. 19. Geo. III. cap. 69. sect. 18. and 21. it is enacted, "That every druggist, grocer, chandler, coffeehouse-keeper, and all and every person or persons, who shall be a seller of, or dealer in, coffee, tea, cocoa nuts, or of any or either of them, or shall be a maker or seller of chocolate, shall cause to be painted or written, in large legible characters over the door of each and every shop, coffeehouse, chocolatehouse, and other place by him, her, or them respectively made use of for the keeping coffee, tea, cocoa nuts, or chocolate, the words *Dealer in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts*; or *Chocolate*, as the case may be, upon pain of forfeiting the sum of 200 l. for every shop, coffeehouse, chocolatehouse, or place, which shall be so made use of by any such druggist, grocer, chandler, coffeehouse-keeper, chocolatehouse-keeper, or any other person or persons who shall be a seller or dealer as aforesaid respectively, without having the said words painted or written thereon as aforesaid;—and that all and every importer for sale, or dealer in foreign brandy, arrack, rum, spirits, or other foreign strong waters, who shall sell the same, either by wholesale or retail, shall cause to be painted or written, in durable large legible characters, over the outer door, or in the front, or on some, store-house, cellar, vault, or other places by him, her, or them respectively made use of for the keeping of foreign brandy, or other foreign spirituous liquors, the words *Importer of*, or *Dealer in, Foreign Spirituous Liquors*, upon pain of forfeiting, for every such shop, ware-house, store-house, cellar, vault, or other place, which shall be so made use of by any such importer, seller, or dealer respectively, without having the said words painted or written, as is hereby directed, the sum of 50 l. And if any person or persons whatsoever, other than such as shall have duly made entry at the proper Offices of Excise, of the places by them respectively made use of for keeping of coffee, tea, cocoa nuts, or chocolate, or for the keeping of foreign brandy, or foreign spirituous liquors, shall paint or write, or cause to be painted or written, over the door, or in the front of any place to them respectively belonging, the words *Dealer in Coffee, Tea, Cocoa Nuts*, or *Chocolate*, as the case shall be, or the words *Importer of*, or *Dealer in Spirituous Liquors*, every person and persons respectively offending therein, shall forfeit and lose the sum of 50 l. and shall also be subject to the several penalties and forfeitures to which persons selling of, or dealing in coffee, tea, cocoa nuts, chocolate, or foreign spirituous liquors, without entry, are now subject unto."

By stat. 26 Geo. III. cap. 59. §. 14. it is enacted, "That all and every dealer and dealers in, and seller and sellers of foreign wine by wholesale, shall cause to be painted or written, in large legible characters, over the outer door, or in the front, or on some conspicuous part of each and every house, ware-house, store-house, room, shop, cellar, vault, and other place by him, her, or them respectively made use of for the keeping of foreign wine for sale, the words *Dealer in Foreign Wine*, upon pain of forfeiting, for every such house, warehouse, store-house, room, shop, cellar, vault, or other place, which shall be so made use of by any such dealer or dealers in, or seller or sellers of foreign wine respectively, without having the said words painted or written, as is heredy directed, the sum of 50 l."

By stat 24. Geo. III. cap. 48. §. 3d and 4th, it is enacted, "That every person who shall make starch within Great Britain, shall cause to be painted in large legible characters of at least three inches in length, over the outward door, or in some conspicuous part of the front of his or her starch-house, the Christian or surname of such starchmaker, with the addition of the word *Starchmaker*; and if any person shall make starch within Great Britain, without having his or her Christian and surname, with the addition of the word *Starchmaker*, so as aforesaid, painted over the outward door, or on some conspicuous part of the front of his or her starch-house, he or she so offending shall forfeit the sum of L. 100.—And also, that when any starch, exceeding the quantity of twenty-eight pounds weight, shall be removed, or carried by land or by water, the word *Starch* shall be painted or marked in legible letters, of at least three inches in length, on every chest, cask, sack, or other package, wherein such starch shall be contained; and any starch exceeding the quantity of twenty-eight pounds weight, which shall be found removing or carrying, or removed or carried, by land or by water, in any chest, cask, sack, or other package, not having the word *Starch* so painted or marked thereon, shall be forfeited, together with the chest, cask, sack, or other package containing the same, and the boat or vessel horses or other cattle, waggon, cart, or other carriage, made use of in removing or carrying the same."

By order of the Board,

JOHN THOMSON, ADAM PEARSON, } Secretaries.

JUDICIAL SALE OF THE LANDS OF LA MANCHA AND BELLEVILLE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, on Friday the 31st day of July next, between the hours of four and six afternoon,

The LANDS and ESTATE which belonged to the deceased Thomas late Earl of Dundonald, which were disponed by his Lordship, to Trustees, for behoof of his Creditors, in the following Lots, viz

LOT I.

The Lands of LA MANCHA or ROMANO GRANGE, lying in the parish of Newlands and ounty of Peebles, the gross rent of which is 372 l. which being valued at twenty-five years purchase, (after deducting a fifth for teind, 4 s. 4 d. for feu-duty, and 11 s. 9 d. for school salary) extends to L. 6219 16 6 4-12ths

The privilege of purchasing the free teind, after deduction of 12 l. 7 s. 3 d. 8-12ths of ministers stipend being valued at 5 years purchase, extends to 255 3 5 8-12ths

Upset price of lot 1st, L. 6475 0 0

These lands hold of the Crown, and make up a freehold qualification for the election of a member of Parliament.—They lie within fifteen measured miles of Edinburgh, from whence there is a turnpike road which leads directly to La Mancha, and from thence is continued westward.

Of these lands, about a tenth part only is in tillage, the rest is either in old pasture grass, or has been manured and laid down with best grass seeds.—The soil of the low grounds is a rich loam—the hill a limestone gravel. There is great plenty of excellent limestone and fine white marl in these lands; as also, many seams of coal, three of which have been pitted through, and can be drained with a level within the grounds.—Iron ore has been lately discovered in different parts of said lands, which afford a prospect of very beneficial consequences to the proprietor of this estate.

There is a modern mansion-house and good offices on the estate, with valuable growing timber, very considerable, both in quantity and variety, the youngest above *forty-four* years old, and upon which no value is put, either in the rental or upset price of these lands, which merits particular attention.

LOT II.

The Lands and Mansion-house of BELLEVILLE or CLOCKMILL, lying adjacent to and on the east side of St Ann's Yards, within the parish of St Cuthbert's or West Kirk, barony of Broughton, and sheriffdom of Edinburgh, extending to above twenty-eight English acres, and proven to be worth of yearly rent L. 100 0 0

One fifth to be deducted for teind, being L. 20 0 0

And for feu-duty and school salary 37 12 4 1-12th

57 12 4 1-12th

Remains of free rent, L. 42 7 7 11-12ths

Which being valued at twenty years purchase, extends to L. 847 11 7 8-12ths

The mansion-house and offices are proved to be worth 36 l. of yearly rent, which being valued at ten years purchase, extend to 360 0 0

The free teind, (after deduction of ministers stipend) being valued at five years purchase, extends to 72 12 0 7-12ths

Upset price of lot 2d, L. 1280 3 8 3-12ths

These lands of Belleville (which hold partly of Heriot's Hospital, and partly of the heirs of Mr George Wilson mason), are attended with various advantages, particularly in point of situation—their vicinity to the city of Edinburgh—their being well supplied with excellent spring water—with stone quarries, &c.—point them out as well [illegible] with gardens, pleasure ground, pasture, and arable grounds, &c.; or (now that it is intended to take the great London road through them) as affording sufficient space for erecting a variety of buildings, with a suitable proportion of ground to each.—In this last view, the increase of these lands in value to a purchaser must be considerable.

The articles of roup, proven rentals, &c. may be seen in the office of Mr George Kirkpatrick, depute-clerk of Session; or in the hands of Adam Stewart writer, No. 9. St James's Square, agent in the sale, to whom intending purchasers may apply for farther information.

AN ESTATE IN CAITHNESS.

To be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of a warrant from the Lords of Council and Session, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Friday the 19th day of June curt. betwixt six and seven afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of SWINZIE, which belonged to the deceased John Sutherland, Esq; of Swinzie, lying in the parish of Latheron, and county of Caithness.

This estate is pleasantly situated on the Murray Frith, having a south exposure. It commands a pleasant view of the neighbouring counties of Ross, Nairn, Murray, and Banff, on the opposite side of the Frith, and is well calculated for carrying on the Fishery with great advantage, having a tract of sea coast upon it, and many fishing banks at short distances.

The lands are of excellent quality, and great extent, containing the proper proportions of arable and pasture grounds, and are capable of much improvement at a moderate expence, the means thereof being amply supplied within the lands themselves.

The estate holds blench of the Crown, and affords a qualification to vote in the election of a Member of Parliament for the county; and there is a handsome Mansion-house on the premisses, built about 25 years ago, most agreeably situated within half-a-mile of the shore, and fit to accommodate a genteel family.

The progress of writs, rental, and conditions of sale, will be shown by James Horne, writer to the signet, who, or Captain Patrick Sinclair of the Royal Navy, No. 1. Great Suffolk Street, London, will give any further information that may be wanted, and in the meantime treat for a private sale.

NOTICE

To the *CREDITORS* of the deceased MR JAMES MERCER OF CLEVAGE.

THE Trustees for these Creditors, having now got payment of the remainder of the price of Clevage, require all the creditors, representatives of creditors, or others having right to debts which were resting by Mr Mercer, and who are entitled to, or claim any part of the said fund, to lodge with the Reverend Mr David Kemp, Minister at Gask, one of the trustees, or with David Black, writer in Perth, betwixt and the ninth day of July next, their several claims, with the vouchers thereof, and evidence of the propinquity of those claiming as relations of deceased creditors, by extracts from the Registers of the Parishes where these deceased creditors resided, and of the Parishes where the claimants were born, and all other evidences that they have to support their claims; certifying such as shall fail to lodge their claims as above, that they may be deprived of any share of the said fund, as the trustees are resolved to proceed to the division thereof, with all possible dispatch.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby requested, That those who are *indebted* to the estate of the deceased *Mr George Paterson* of Cunsguley, architect in Edinburgh, will please order payment to be made to Mr Græme, clerk to the signet, Nicolson Square, who has powers to discharge them.

And it is also requested, that those who have claims against Mr Paterson's estate will transmit them, with the instructions thereof, to Mr Græme, in order that the same may be adjusted and paid off.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of NEIL LAMONT, Merchant in Greenock, and of the Copartnery of Lamont and MacIntosh, Merchants there, of which he was a partner.

HUGH CRAWFORD, Merchant in Greenock, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the foresaid persons, both as individuals and a company, does hereby require a general meeting of their creditors to be held within the house of John Mackechney, vintner in Greenock, on Tuesday the 14th day of July next, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to give directions as to the mode of disposal of the heritable property which belonged to the said Neil Lamont, and has been disponed by him to the trustee, in terms of the act of Parliament, under which the sequestration was awarded.

HUGH CRAWFORD.

TO BE SOLD

By public auction, in the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the first day of July 1789, between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the evening

THAT HOUSE, No. 61, in Prince's Street, presently possessed by Lord Napier, with the back ground, coach-house, and stables for four horses, washing-house, laundry, and pump-well immediately behind the same.

The purchaser's entry to the premisses may be immediately after the sale.

The house to be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays from 12 to 2 o'clock.

The conditions of roup and title-deeds to be seen the hands of John Hunter, writer to the signet, who has power to conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

LANDS IN PERTH SHIRE TO LET.

THERE are to be LET, upon the estate of ALDIE, which lies within four miles of Kinross, six of Alloa, six of Dunfermline, six from Culross, and eleven from Stirling,

SEVERAL FARMS, amounting in whole to above 1600 acres of arable land, part of it already inclosed, so that a farmer or farmers may be accommodated with any quantity that may suit them. The lands lie within a mile of the coal of Blairngone, and limestone upon the grounds. It is believed that there is coal upon the grounds though not wrought. The term of entry to be at Martinmas first.

Any person willing to take these farms may give in proposals to James Keay writer, Prince's Street, Edinburgh.

Lawrence Johnston, in Nether Dalkeith of Aldie, the baron officer on the estate, will show the grounds.

FARM IN EAST-LOTHIAN TO LET.

To be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at Martinmas next 1789, the following parts of the Barony of PRESTONGRANGE, in the parish of Prestonpans, viz.

THE PARK or INCLOSURE lying to the south of the Preston road, consisting of 28 acres or thereby. This field is in the natural possession of the proprietor, fourteen acres whereof was fallowed last year, and now sown up with grass seeds, and the rest of it is in fallow and grass this year.

Also an INCLOSURE in the Forebrae, consisting of eleven acres or thereby, likewise in the proprietor's possession.

The tenant will be accommodated with houses for the said farm.

There is also to be Let, the Sand-Eye Quarry upon the farm of Birslie.

Likewise the Quarry at Dolphingston; both of them excellent free stone. The first may be entered to at Martinmas next, and the last immediately.

Robert Tait, grieve at Prestongrange, will show the farms and quarries, and any person inclining to take the same will give in their proposals to Cornelius Elliot, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

A FARM IN EAST LOTHIAN, TO BE LET.

To be Set in Tack, and entered to at Martinmas next,

THE Farm of BELTONMAINS, presently possessed by George Ronaldson, and others; also that part of the Farm of EASTER SOUTH BELTON, adjacent to the said Lands called DRUMGRAIN, and presently possessed by George Mitchelson, with the farm and offices of Easter South Belton, which are now to be occupied with the said Lands. These Lands are of an excellent soil, and from their nearness to the town and sea shore of Dunbar, can have such a supply of manure, at a reasonable expence, as will keep them always in a high state of cultivation for corn crops.

For further particulars application may be made to James Hay, Esq. of Belton, or Alexander Sawers, writer in Dunbar, factor on the estate; and John Angus, gardener at Belton, will show the Lands, and point out the marches.

ROUP of the LANDS of HUNTLYWOOD ADJOURNED.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 1st day of July next, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

The LANDS of HUNTLYWOOD, lying within the parish of Gordon and county of Berwick. The lands are partly arable, and partly pasture, are of an excellent quality, and lie within a mile of the great road to London by Greenlaw. They are let in lease to one tenant, at an easy rent. There is a new onstead of houses upon the farm, lately finished.

For further particulars, apply to Cornelius Elliot writer to the signet, Edinburgh, who has power to sell by private bargain, and will show the progress of writs and articles of sale.

SALE OF LANDS, *In the County of Ross.*

AT desire of persons intending to offer, the sale of the Davoch Lands of Davochcairn, and Davoch Lands of Davochpollo, lying in the parish of Fodderty and county of Ross, and one half of the Lands of Ardnagrach, lying in the parish of Urray and county of Ross, is ADJOURNED till Wednesday 5th August next, when they will be exposed to sale by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, between the hours of six and seven afternoon. The rental, title-deeds and articles of roup, are to be seen in the hands of John Tait, writer to the signet, Park Place.

ESCAPED FROM JUSTICE,

On Wednesday the 3d current, from Comrie in Perthshire, on his way from Lochearnhead to the prison of Perth,

ONE PETER STEWART, *alias* MACKERCHAR, who was apprehended in company with James Steven of Flender, at Lochearnhead, when uttering notes forged in imitation of those belonging to the Aberdeen Banking Company, and for the forging of which notes a criminal trial was brought before the Circuit Court at Glasgow, by that Company, against the said James Steven's father and two of his brothers, in the year 1784, which was deserted on account of the absence of Thomas Morton, a principal evidence, for whose murder David Stevens, the youngest brother then indicted, was afterwards hanged.

Stewart is 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, about 28 or 30 years of age, dark brown or blackish hair hanging loose, dark complection, thin in the face, his middle tooth in the upper jaw very large, had on a blue short coat, grey stockings, and corderoy breeches.

Any person who will apprehend and secure the said Peter Stewart *alias* Mackerchar, in any goal in Scotland, will besides payment of all expences, be handsomely rewarded, by applying to the cashier of the Aberdeen Banking Company, at Aberdeen, or Gilbert Hamilton, Esq; at Glasgow.

AN EXECUTIONER.

A COMMON EXECUTIONER is wanted for the Burgh of Elgin.—Any person willing to undertake that office, will have a free house, with two acres of ground and a considerable salary, besides a number of perquisites payable out of the commodities which are sold in town.—For other particulars, apply to Patrick Duff, town-clerk of Elgin.

To be SOLD (together or separately) by public roup, in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 26th day of June 1789, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THESE Two Dwelling-Houses adjoining each other at ROSEMOUNT, near the Town of Prestonpans, each consisting of a parlour, dining room, drawing room, several bed rooms, closets, kitchen, and garrets, with a small garden, and chaise house and stable adjoining, formerly possessed by Dr Swediaur, and now by Mr Hastie and others. The premisses are pleasantly situated eight miles east from Edinburgh, in an agreeable country, where the soil is remarkably dry, and the air healthful. They are extremely commodous for sea bathing, and have the advantage of a stage coach to and from Edinburgh every day.

Mr Hastie will show the premisses, and for further particulars, apply to James Balfour, writer to the signet.

LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Monday the 15th day of June next, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

The Lands of BRUNTSHIEL, commonly called MERKLAND; the lands of MICKLE HEILAR, and lands of AUCHENLONGFORD in Bruntshiel, lying in the parish of Sorn and shire of Ayr. The lands are presently set at 120 l. Sterling of yearly rent; and the tenants are bound to pay the whole public and parochial burdens, without allowance. They are extensive, and capable of great improvement, and they abound with coal and lime.

There are two extensive banks of natural wood on the lands, the largest one of which may be cut in a few years; and both are thriving.

The title-deeds are in the hands of Thomas Adair, clerk to the signet, who will give information as to any further particulars that purchasers may wish to know; to whom any person wishing to purchase by private bargain may apply in the mean time.

TO BE SOLD

By public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 29th day of July next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE Principal Lot of the Barony of BLACKBURN, seventeen miles west from Edinburgh, lying in the parish of Livingston, and county of Linlithgow, the great road to Glasgow running through it.

This lot consists of near 500 acres, Scots measure; has a good modern mansion-house of sixteen fire-rooms, a complete set of offices, and excellent farm-houses for the tenants. The lands are inclosed, and subdivided with hedges and stone dykes, and surrounded with belts of planting. The hedges and planting are very thriving. The lands are of a rich soil, and in high cultivation. Lime and coal are now working in the adjoining lands. The grounds are part in tenantry, and part in the natural possession of the proprietor. The rent is about 400 l per annum.

The lands hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to a vote in the county. The term of payment of the price, and entry to the premisses, will be made agreeable to the purchaser.

There is a very neat Distillery, with a complete set of Utensils, at Blackburn, which will be Let for such a term of years as can be agreed on, and it may be entered to immediately.

For further particulars, apply to Mr Alexander Watson, writer, Craig's Close; in his absence, to Mr Thomas Miller, or William Dallas, clerk to the signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh, who will conclude a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale. The proprietor at Blackburn-house, will show the lands.

JUDICIAL SALE OF HOUSES, &c. *In Glasgow.*

To be exposed to sale, by way of public roup, within the Parliament or New Session house of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 25th day of June 1789, betwixt the hours of four and six in the afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary officiating on the bills,

THE following SUBJECTS, which belonged to the deceased FRANCIS CRAWFORD, wright in Glasgow, in lots, at the prices after specified.

LOT I. Consists of that Tenement lying above the Cross of Glasgow, with the Close, Back Houses, and Pertinents, presently possessed by James Weir, David Kinnemont, and others, at the yearly rent of 61 l. 15 s. The upset price of this lot is 617 l. 10 s.

LOT II. Consists of the Third Storey, with Garrets and Cellars, of that Tenement on the west side of King-street, presently possessed by Miss Sempils, at the yearly rent of 6 l. Upset price 78 l.

LOT III. Consists of the Westmost New Tenement and Cellars, in that close called John Wilson's Close, above the Cross, presently possessed by John Marshall, George Lothian, and Robert Ewing, at the yearly rent of 44 l. 12 s.—Upset price 535 l. 4 s.

LOT IV. Consists of the Third Storey of that Tenement on the west side of Stockwell street, and two Cellars and two Garret Rooms, possessed by Robert Morrice, at the yearly rent of 28 l. Upset price 364 l.

LOT V. Consists of the following Subjects—1st, An Annualrent, or Ground Annual, of 1 l. payable out of a piece of yarding. Upset price, L. 20

2. A Seat in the Blackfriars Church of Glasgow. Upset price, - - 8

3. A Burying-place in the High Church-yard. Upset price, - - - - 8

Total upset price of this lot, L. 36

The whole subjects are held burgage of the city of Glasgow.

The articles of roup and titles are to be seen in the office of John Callander, depute-clerk of Session; and James Ferrier, writer to the signet, or George Crawford, writer in Glasgow, will show copies of the articles and rental, and inform as to other particulars.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and sold at his Printing-House in the OLD FISH-MARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in.
This Paper is regularly published every *Monday*, *Thursday*, and *Saturday*.—Price of a single Paper 3 *d*.—1 *l*. 17 *s*. 6 *d*. yearly when called for—2 *l*. & 6 *d*. delivered in Town—and 2 *l*. 6 *s*. 6 *d*. sent by Post.